

### About Us

#### IEP Advocacy

Support families as they navigate through the special education process

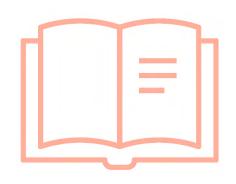
#### Behavior & Education Consultation

Provide direct support to school districts, community agencies, and individuals

**Expert Witness Testimony** 

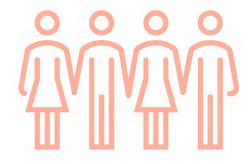
Maryland & Beyond

# Parental Involvement within the IEP process



Research Supported

Staples & Diliberto (2010)



Parent's Right to Participate

IDEA Sec. 300.321:



Preventative

Mandlawitz (2002) Lake & Billingsley (2000)

# Ingalls, Hammond, Paez, & Rodriguez (2016)

Believed they were prepared for the meeting

47%

Felt overwhelmed and anxious

69%

Felt comfortable attending the IEP meeting

19%



What's the Big IDEA? A preliminary analysis of behavior analysts' self-reported training in and knowledge of federal special education law

#### Reported receiving training

Only 1/3 of respondents

#### Identified many barriers to additional training

Unclear job responsibilities, a heavy caseload, knowledge not required by employer, lack of training resources, lack of PD

#### Familiarity with terms

Directly correlated with a degree in special education and increased experience in the field

Vladescu, Breeman, Cox, & Drevon (2022)



## Advocacy Process

#### Develop rapport with parent

Listen to the parent, share experiences, build trust

#### Establish clear expectations

Specify services. What can they expect? Do not provide promises for outcomes. Provide referrals

#### Learn about child and family

Meet the child and family, review documents, observe at school

#### Education & Empower

Explain process and rights, provide guidance, connect with resources, document

#### Participate in IEP meetings

Provide affective support, ask questions

# While IDEA is a federal law, states can interpret it

#### Consent to Implement

Signing the IEP: all or nothing, one time, portions, etc.

#### **Extended School Year**

Criteria, type, duration of services offered

#### **IEPs**

IDEA mandates: disability, needs, goals, and services, but states can have leeway on deciding specific content and format of IEPs

#### Discipline

IDEA protects discrimination against students, but states have flexibility on the process for FBA/BIPs

# Where does that leave you as a behavior analyst who participates in IEP meetings?

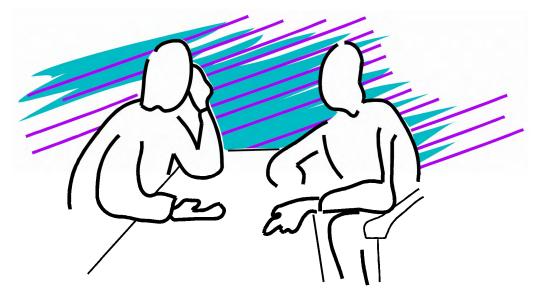


# Tip 1: Know the purpose of the IEP meeting AND what the

parent goal is



Tip 2: Understand the school district's perspective and what they may be trying to tell the parent



### Tip 3: Language Considerations!

- Don't blame or criticize.
- Use language around what the child needs.
- Speak up when you have something to add. Don't just wait for behavior!



Tip 4: Look for solutions that are easily implemented in a group setting with low response effort



Tip 5: Protect the relationship between the parent and school. Support communication

### Resources

Burke, M. M. & Goldman, S. E. (2017). Documenting the Experiences of Special Education Advocates. *Journal of Special Education*, *51*(1), 3-13.

Lake, J. F., & Billingsley, B. S. (2000). An analysis of factors that contribute to parent–school conflict in special education. *Remedial and Special Education*, *21*, 240–252.

Ingalls, L., Hammond, H., Paez, C., & Rodriguez, I. (2016). Follow-up study to family members' reactions to the initial special education meeting. *Journal of the American Academy of Special Education Professionals, Spring, 43-63.*Mandlawitz, M. R. (2002). The impact of the legal system on educational programming for young children with autism spectrum disorder. *Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders, 32, 495–508.* 

Staples, K. E., & Diliberto, J. A. (2010). Guidelines for Successful Parent Involvement: Working with Parents of Students with Disabilities. *TEACHING Exceptional Children*, 42(6), 58-63. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/004005991004200607">https://doi.org/10.1177/004005991004200607</a>

Vladescu, J. C., Breeman, S. L., Cox, D. J., & Drevon, D. D. (2022). What's the Big IDEA? A Preliminary Analysis of Behavior Analysts' Self-Reported Training in and Knowledge of Federal Special Education Law. *Behavior analysis in practice*, *15*(3), 867–880. https://doi.org/10.1007/s40617-021-00673-6

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